

Geography

Year 2 - Poles Apart



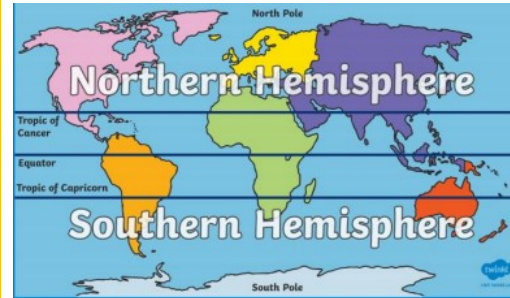
Prior Learning

We can use the words **near**, **far** or **close** to talk about distance.

We can use a maps to find out about key features of the environment.

Globes and atlases are used to find out about the world.

We can use words such as, rainy, cold, sunny or cloudy to describe the weather



Key Knowledge

There are 7 continents: **Asia, Africa, North America, South America, Antartica, Europe and Australia.**

There are 5 oceans: **Pacific, Atlantic, Indian, Artic, Southern.**

We can use a compass to talk about the location of features on a map. The four compass directions are: **North, East, South and West.**

There is an invisible line called the **equator** that goes around the centre of the Earth. The hottest countries are close to the equator and the coldest countries are further away. The coldest regions are the polar regions which are at the top and bottom of the world.



Key Concepts

Communicate:

I can present my findings in a range of ways

I can use appropriate vocabulary to develop explanations



Key Vocabulary

Compass: A tool for finding direction

Temperature: A measure of how hot or cold something is. It is measured in degrees Celsius.

Continent: A large solid area of land. Most continents are made up of a group of countries.

Ocean: A large body of salt water.

Equator: An invisible line running through the centre of the Earth.

Polar regions: Regions of Earth located at the North and South Pole. Also known as the Artic and Antarctic circles.

Location: A place where a particular place or object exists

Self Assessment

Let your teacher know

Tick one

☐ I fully understand.

☐ I need more practice.

☐ I do not understand yet.

Self Assessment